



ICD-10 perspectives of provider CFO, CIO, CMO

Risk and clinical documentation improvement

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D.C. Report: One-Year ICD-10 Delay, First ACOs Announced

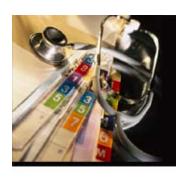
April 18, 2012 by Jeff Smith, Assistant Director of Advocacy at CHIME



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HHS Proposes One-Year ICD-10 Delay This week, HHS released a proposed rule delaying the compliance date of ICD-10, for both diagnosis and procedure codes, from Oct. 1, 2013 to Oct. 1, 2014. In February, HHS announced that it would reconsider the timetable for ICD-10 implementation, and CHIME responded with a letter to HHS saying uncertainty about the timetable would create more problems than it would solve. For the last two months, there has been much speculation about the possible delay, and since the announcement in the NPRM, responses have been mixed from different associations. AHIMA is encouraging its members to implement ICD-10 as soon as possible, and would rather not have the delay while AMA is on record as

advocating for a three-year delay.



Youtube.com/user/findacode





1. "Thank goodness," said a CFO. This was the refrain of almost everyone currently in the active roll-out process of some other healthcare IT initiative that is massive. Many have done some preliminary assessment and project planning for ICD-10, but knew they were only 5 percent into a massive training, building, analysis and roll-out by the current October 2013 deadline.



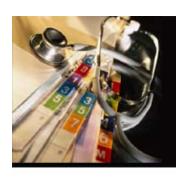
2. "A delay will seriously damage my credibility within my organization, from the C-suite on down." This was the lament of many CIOs who had done their homework, developed solid plans through a painstaking process, and most importantly, educated their executives that the current deadline was firm. All indicators suggested the government would stand firm on the 2013 date. Now we learn CMS is uncertain about its commitment.



3. "This was inevitable and the sober thing to do," a physician told me. The thinking here goes along the lines that it's too great of a burden on the doctors and the improvement in data quality is of negligible consequence to patients or doctors. The true intent of those promoting the transition is to further reduce reimbursement to providers for care. Note this is contrary to the position AHIMA has steadfastly professed for many years.



4. "Moving the date introduces significant new logistical challenges." That came from a hospital HIM director. When there was a specific switch over date, the logistics of getting ready and meeting a fixed deadline were clear and manageable. It's been done in other countries, in fact, most other countries – long ago. If we move the date to a window of time during which dual systems are allowable, we will have to use systems that weren't designed for dual use. This will introduce new workflow requirements and complicate enforcement.



Risk and Clinical Documentation Improvement



ICD-10 Assessment Methodology

	Initiate ICD-10 Assessment	Identify ICD-10 Business Impacts	Identify ICD-10 Trading Partner Impacts	Identify ICD-10 Systems Impacts	Determine ICD-10 Gaps, Approach & Effort	Develop ICD-10 Implementation Plan
Activities	•Assemble Steering Committee •Assemble Project Team •Create Project Plan •Kickoff meeting and training •Send out questionnaires •Develop Communications Plan •Review Cost Model	•Review documents •Policies and procedures •Contracts •Reports •Conduct interviews •Complete checklist •Prioritize impacts •Identify ICD-9/ICD- 10 codes that will influence MS-DRG assignment	•Interview and assess Trading Partners •Clearing Houses •Health Plans •Payers •Physicians Practices •Labs •Radiology •HIEs	Collect documents Systems Inventory Architecture Data Flows Interface Transaction Maps Planned Projects Conduct interviews Assess vendor systems and contracts Map business assessment to system requirements Identify testing strategies	Determine business gaps Determine technology gaps Prioritize and evaluate options Manual change or workaround Crosswalk Remediation Assess training needs Assign costs and effort Create Impact Report Identify opportunities to improve physician documentation Assess training needs	Develop schedule Determine necessary resources and update costs Conduct Implementation Risk Analysis Review Plan and Recommendation
Deliverables	•Project Plan •Awareness Training •Project Scope	•Inventory •Processes impacted •Policies impacted •Training impacted •Prov. Cont. Anal. •Priorities Analysis	•Inventory •Impacted partners •Trading partner Risk Assessment	•Inventory •Systems impacted •Vendors impacted •Databases impacted	•Gap Listing •Gap Closure Approach •Costs	•Implementation Plan •Cost and resources needed •Risk Analysis
Tools	•Project Plan template •Issues Log •Risk Log •Communications Plan •ICD-10 Questionnaires	•Process Model & Activity Maps •ICD-10 Area Checklist	•Trading partner Assessment Survey	•Systems architecture •Capabilities assessment •Vendor assessment	•Cost Model	•Implementation Plan template •Testing Strategy template •Estimating Tool and Cost Model •Productivity Assessment Tool



Data Analytics – How They Work

- The past 12 months of claims are mapped code by code to ICD-10 CM/PCS using the GEMS Maps
- Two Scenarios are Returned to Identify Potential Financial Risk
 - Minimum Payment
 - Maximum Payment
- Identify I-9 to I-10 Code Maps
 - Operational Risks
 - Documentation Risks



Data Analytics – The Potential Impact

Memorial Hospital

Potential Hospital Reimbursement under MS-DRGs using ICD-10-CM/PCS MDC 01 Diseases and Disorders of the Nervous System

Total Current Payment - claims 2095	\$25,107,470
Minimum Potential Hospital Reimbursement	\$23,845,401
Maximum Potential Hospital Reimbursement	\$25,693,261

Potential Risk by MSDRG

DRG	Claims	Potential Revenue Loss \$\$
25 Craniotomy & Endovascular PX	109	- \$161,643
85 Traumatic Stupor & Coma, Coma < 1Hr	158	- \$ 13,666
Additional Risks		
314 Other Circ System Dx	164	- \$290,083
329 Major Small & Lg Bowel Px	310	- \$295,180
466 Revision of Hip or Knee Replacement	57	- \$178,846
469 Major Joint Replacement Lower Ext	1046	- \$ 60,583



ICD-10 CM Documentation Specificity Example

Physician Specialty	Diagnosis	Additional ICD-10 Documentation Requirements	Possible ICD-10 Maps	Documentation Audit Results
Anesthesia Cardiology Internal Medicine Neurology	Cerebral Artery Occlusion with Infarct 434.91	Right Left Middle Anterior Posterior Cerebral Cerebellar	16	Location within artery not specified in radiology report or by physician



Identifying Risk Areas

Cerebral Artery Occlusion with Infarct 434.91 **Diagnosis**

Number of Times Reported 468

Possible I-10 Maps 16

Diagnosis Hematoma Complicating a Procedure 998.12

Number of Times Reported 104

57 Possible I-10 Maps

Procedure Antibiotic Injection/Infusion 99.21

Number of Times Reported 5,257 44

Possible ICD-10 PCS Maps

Procedure Coronary Arteriography 2-catheters 88.56

Number of Times Reported 915 51

Possible ICD-10 PCS Maps

Other Skin & Subcutaneous I&D 86.04 **Procedure**

Number of Times Reported 129 Possible ICD-10 PCS Maps 281



Questions?





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